**SSG E – VOTING SYSTEM USING LARAVEL FRAMEWORK IN BOHOL ISLAND STATE UNIVERSITY – BILAR CAMPUS**

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A Thesis

Presented to the Faculty

College of Technology and Allied Sciences

Department of Computer Science

BOHOL ISLAND STATE UNIVERSITY

Zamora Bilar, Bohol

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In Partial Fulfillment

of the Requirements for the Degree

in Bachelor of Science in Computer Science

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**Chapter 1**

**THE PROBLEM AND ITS SCOPE**

**Rationale**

An election is a crucial event in the present government (Patil et al., 2018). The establishment of democracy in a community is accomplished through elections. It is also one of the most difficult tasks, and its challenges are remarkably severe (Suralkar et al., 2019). The election is also applied to various organizations such as the student council. The student council is the most significant and fundamental organization for providing the proper attention to the students regarding student service and academic issues and conveying them to the authority concerned (Teresa & Ciu, 2021).

According to the study by Celestine et al. (2018), e-voting is the term used to describe elections or voting procedures in which voting is done electronically. Other nations are also continuing to conduct electronic voting, such as those for student councils or youth councils, which have utilized it. Moreover, electronic voting, as opposed to traditional voting, is important since it considers how polling tasks can be performed electronically without affecting voter privacy or creating opportunities for fraud.

The primary subject of this research is the Supreme Student Government (SSG), one of the student organizations at Bohol Island State University – Bilar Campus. The SSG conducts an annual election, but the onset of the COVID-19 pandemic has had significant impacts on the university, including student government elections. The university had to adapt to the new normal to ensure the safety of the students. Since face-to-face classes were prohibited, the SSG election was conducted using Google Forms to collect votes from voters. However, this solution is not ideal, as the use of BISU email to access the election form cannot guarantee the honesty of the election. Students from other BISU campuses can access the link, which can lead to inefficiencies such as dishonesty and cheating.

Having identified the current problems with the SSG election process, the researchers designed an application software for Bohol Island State University – Bilar Campus to improve the voting system and came up with the idea of creating a web-based e-voting system using the Laravel framework. This system is easy to use, customizable, and capable of generating a report, and only BISU – Bilar students can access the election form. Moreover, Laravel is a secure framework that provides built-in protection against common web application security threats such as SQL injection and cross-site scripting (XSS) attacks (Ali, 2022). This can help prevent suspicious actors from injecting malicious data into the system and ensure the integrity of the voting process.

**Literature Background**

Based on Article V Section 1 of the 1987 Constitution of the Republic of the Philippines which states that:

"Science and technology are essential for national development and progress. The State shall give priority to research and development, invention, innovation, and their utilization; and to science and technology education, training, and services. It shall support indigenous, appropriate, and self-reliant scientific and technological capabilities, and their application to the country's productive systems and national life."

This article states that in addition to encouraging all organizations to utilize and innovate with science and technology, the state ought to acknowledge the use of building technologies. It is crucial that the government provide access to the most recent technology so that it can be such for societal changes and advancements. The developers developed an applicable e-voting system in Bohol Island State University – Bilar Campus. An ideal system that will enhance the voting process and provide security using the laravel framework of Bohol Island State University - Bilar Campus.

Another is on Edgar F. Codd's Relational Database Management System. According to Codd, a database must obey in order to be a true relational database. These rules can be applied to a database system that is capable of managing is stored data using only its relational capabilities. This is a standard method by which information is organized and retrieved from computers. The theory is based on the idea that the data will be manipulated by the user using interface tools (Codd, 1970).

To get a clearer understanding of how the project would be designed, these are several studies that have similarities to proposed E-Voting System.

1. E-Voting System Using Homomorphic Encryption Technique (Sheela et al., 2021). This e - voting system prevents manipulation while facilitating excellent dependability and authenticity. E-voting may be conducted using standalone electronic voting machines (also known as EVMs) or computers that are online, depending on the specific implementation. It could include a variety of Internet services, from simple results tabulation broadcast to fully functional online voting using commonly available gadgets. Using Zigbee technology and cryptographic apps, the data gathered from the election will be instantly relayed to the local database servers.
2. Mobile-based Student Council Voting System Case of Federal Technical Institute (FTI) (Teresa & Ciu, 2021). This voting system for student councils using mobile devices was primarily created for the Federal Technical Institute student council. The study discusses the benefits of the mobile-based student council voting method, which inspires various institutions and organizations to create applications for the system. It also conveys the major concerns that have to be taken into consideration during its development..
3. E-Voting Using Blockchain with Biometric Authentication (Suralkar et al., 2019). The primary objective of this study is to create an electronic voting system that is more secure, accurate and does not require as many reliable people to participate at every level. The developers strategize to use blockchain technology to make voting more secure, as well as ring signature and fingerprint authentication for added security.
4. E-Voting System for National Association of Computer Science Students Modibboadama University of Technology Yola, Adamawa State, Nigeria (Celestine et al., 2018). The primary goal of this study is to demonstrate the benefits of electronic voting over traditional voting methods in the National Association of Computer Science Students (NACOSS), MAUTECH, and YOLA. Focus group discussions and interviews were used to gather qualitative data, and RAD system analysis and design were used to implement the suggested system. The focus group discussion and interview results, which emphasized the limitations of the department's long-standing manual voting process, led the developers to advise that, if implemented, an e-voting system for the department would be more appropriate for the departmental elections.
5. An Online Voting System using Face Recognition for Campus Election (Sulaiman et.al., 2021). This research aimed to create a remote voting system that would be more convenient for voters to use on election day and would increase accessibility for students. The study uses facial recognition as a method of identification to confirm that voters are valid. This method would help students and organizers since it can be accessed from a distance, is reliable, practical, and shortens the voting process.

There are the related systems which use Laravel framework that are implemented in different organization and institution. Among these that are significant to this study are:

1. Design and Development of a Web-Based System using Laravel Framework: A Competition Management System (Azran & Wahid, 2022). The Agile Scrum Methodology is used to develop the system. Laravel, the PHP Framework, and the MariaDB database are all used in the creation of this system. At the conclusion of the project's development, testing revealed that the system had successfully complied with all functional requirements. According to the proposal diagram, each module has been implemented. This approach is anticipated to facilitate online competition management and attract more members to the digitalization community.
2. Management information systems of laboratory using laravel framework:case study at electrical engineering of Universitas Negeri Semarang (Zuhdi et al., 2017) This paper aims to discuss the development of a lab management information system that facilitates scheduling lab tasks more efficient, using the Electrical Engineering Laboratory of the University of Negeri Semarang as a case study. The information system was developed to make it simpler and more convenient for the Laboratory Chairman, Laboratory Institution of Education, and students to maintain records of laboratory activities, including data on lab work, voting laboratory scheduling data, lecturers' data, subjects' data, and electrical engineering lab data. The test results show that SIMLAB is suitable to be used within the electrical engineering laboratory at Universitas Negeri Semarang.
3. VISITOR MANAGEMENT SYSTEM USING LARAVEL PHP (Aruna & Kalaiselvi, 2018) In this study, the traditional method of manually recording each visitor's information has been replaced with a modern visitor management system that automates the entire process and allows the operator to know the overall number of visitors inside the premises. The system also includes a feature to look up or analyze prior visits made by the visitor, increasing visitor authentication.
4. Information System Management of Palm Agriculture using Laravel Framework (Alhari et al., 2022) In this study, the developers created a Laravel-based application for an agriculture information management system. This application's implementation phases employ an incremental iterative methodology and a number of specialized test cases. With the use of this application, it is intended that oil palm producers will have simple access to data and information as well as simple land management.
5. Smart Final Year Project Archive System Using Laravel Framework with Email Notification (SFYPAS) (MatTaib et al., 2020) reveals that the mean for user acceptance with TAM is 4.27, while perceived usefulness is 4.47 in terms of perceived ease of use. It demonstrates that the respondents are satisfied with the system in terms of how beneficial they think it is. In summary, the research has succeeded in its goals by making it easier for users to access previous FYP theses by offering a web-based smart archive system.

The development of these systems provides the foundation for developers to enhance the current method. This will support and direct the developers in their efforts to enhance the SSG electronic voting system at the bilar campus of the Bohol Island State University utilizing the Laravel framework.

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**THE PROBLEM**

**Statement of the Problem**

The study aims to assess and develop an SSG E-Voting System using Laravel Framework in Bohol Island State University - Bilar Campus.

Specifically, it sought to answer the following questions:

1. What are the ways to improve the current voting platform process?
2. What are the problems that are encountered in the current process?
3. How to design and developed the system with the modules:
   1. Login
   2. Administration
   3. Record Voters
   4. Voting
   5. Tally
   6. Reports
4. What is the level of usability of the system?

**General Objective**

The main goal of the study is to design a system that will improve the existing voting platform of BISU Bilar Campus.

Specifically, the project aims the following objectives:

1. To develop a system that will improve the current platform.
2. To test and evaluate the developed system usability.
3. To implement the developed a web based e-voting system using laravel framework

**Scope and Limitation**

This study encompasses only the development and implementation of a web based e - voting system which secures a reliable election by undergoing a series of process.

1. **Acquisition** – This module includes the acquiring of data and recording of users, candidates, and votes.
2. **Administration** – This feature enables the management of users, access, and security while providing administrative tools for system maintenance and configuration.
3. **Reports** – The system generates reports on the results of the election and the new sets of elected officers.
4. **Online Mechanism** – This module allows the web-based electronic voting system using the Laravel Framework and a modular design that fulfills the system's requirements.

**Significance of the Study**

The proposed system will help the Bohol Island State University in their voting system and will lead them to the development of their Supreme Student Government in conducting election.

It will also give convenience to those people who will use the proposed system like the students and especially to the facilitators in terms of time consumption, reliability issues and hassles. The following individuals or group will benefit from the success of the project:

**Administrators. It refers to the person(s) who will be managing or in-charge of the student election, this project is a great help for them, it lessens their workload, the said system will provide them accurate reports needed.**

**The SSG (Supreme Student Government).** This study will reduce the effort and work of the SSG officers because the proposed system will automatically get the result of election.

**The University (Bohol Island State University - BISU).**The proposed system will provide efficient and secure election of the new student officers of the university.

**Students (Voters).**This system will provide accurate and security that can assure they will have an honest and accurate result of the election.

**Researchers**. The success of the study will highly contribute to their knowledge and skills in developing helpful programs.

**Future Researchers**. The study will serve as their guide if they wish to conduct the same study.

**RESEARCH METHODOLOGY**

**Development Framework**

The conceptual diagram of the SSG E – Voting System study is shown in Figure 1. It contains the fundamental operation of the system, which reflects the work of the admin, the sub-admin, and the voters. It shows the input-process-output (IPO) study model. The procedures include acquisition, voting, and reports. The result helps the admin in decision-making.

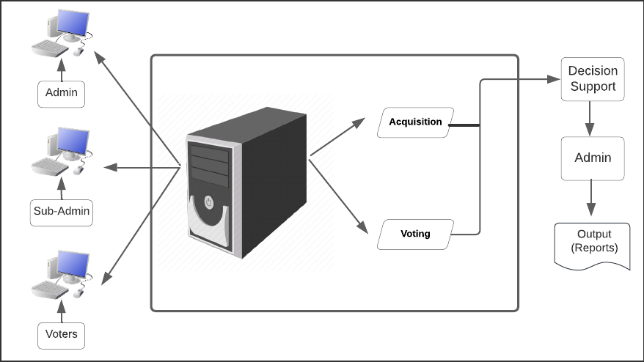


Figure 1. Conceptual Diagram of the Study

**Block Diagram**

The figure 2 shows the block diagram of the proposed SSG E – Voting System Using Laravel Framework in Bohol Island State University – Bilar Campus. It covers the specification of the basic functionality of the system that represents the work of admin, sub-admin and voters who will use the system through a wide area network.

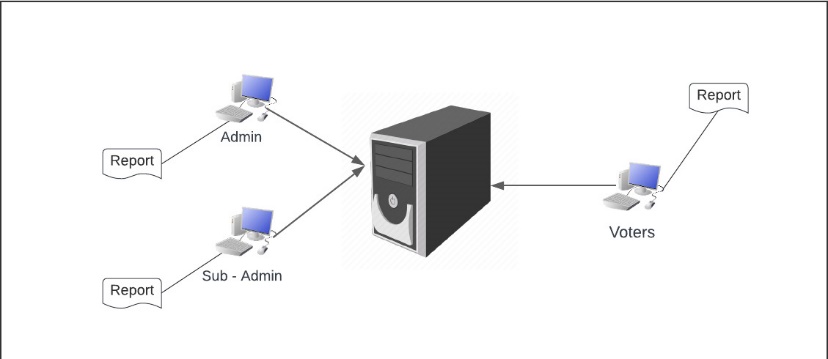


Figure 2. Block Diagram of the Study

**Development Model and Approaches**

Rapid Application Development is the approach that the researchers utilized (RAD). It is a development approach that places an emphasis on immediate feedback and rapid prototyping over extended development and testing cycles. Researchers may quickly iterate and update software through fast application development rather than having to start the development process overfrom scratch each time. Prototyping is a suitable way for gathering functional requirements if the clients are unable to express their needs and do not know what they want. It is ideal to construct a prototype so that people can see, touch, and feel the present system firsthand. This makes it much simpler for consumers to express their wishes and desires.

 https://blog.capterra.com/what-is-rapid-application-development/

Figure 3. Rapid Application Development Model (RAD) Diagram

The development process follows the stages enumerated below with the corresponding activities taken:

**Analysis and Rapid Design**

Before the researchers considered how to solve the issue, they first assessed the present process, planned the design, and began implementing significant changes. When creating software, researchers must first understand the issue that the solution will try to solve. For the program to be effective, the researchers must comprehend the features, operations, behavior, and performance of the system. In the design stage, the solution's functionality is identified. After management has approved the software's structure, the program's architecture is now constructed. Identifying the system's anticipated requirements is the main objective of this stage.

**Prototype Cycle**

PHP was used as the server-side scripting language, the scripting language. To facilitate with testing and debugging, sample data was inserted into a database built using the MYSQL database engine. The construction of codes based on the specifications then started the programming operations. Typical programming practices such as data validation and error trapping were implemented into the system. The e – voting system's database management system was used for the centralized data storage.

**Testing Phase**

It is the next step after the prototype cycle. In this stage, the beta system will be presented to the establishment head and staff to make ensure that everything is functioning correctly and that the client's expectations and objectives are fulfilled.

**Implementation Phase**

The product will be deployed in the customer environment following the completion of initial and complete testing. A permission letter will be submitted for approval that the proposed system will be tested at Bohol Island State University – Bilar Campus.

The following were the tools used in the development of SSG E – Voting System using Laravel Framework of Bohol Island State University – Bilar Campus.

1. **Laravel Framework** we use laravel as our system’s main framework for our security, frontend and back end environment. Some of the features of Laravel are a modular packaging system with a dedicated dependency manager, different ways for accessing relational databases, utilities that aid in application deployment and maintenance, and its orientation toward syntactic sugar.
2. **PHP** is a general-purpose scripting language geared toward web development. we use PHP as the main language of the laravel framework for our backend development.
3. **JavaScript** is a programming language that is one of the core technologies of the World Wide Web, alongside HTML and CSS. We chose to use this as part of our frontend development, input validation, and The Document Object Model (DOM) manipulation.
4. **MySQL** is a relational database management system based on SQL – Structured Query Language. We used this to connect the data from the database to help generate reports from our current system.
5. **Visual Studio Code** is our chosen IDE that helps us programmers develop software code efficiently. It is a free, lightweight but powerful source code editor that runs on your desktop and on the web and is available for Windows, macOS, Linux, and Raspberry Pi OS.
6. **Cascading Style Sheets** (CSS) is a style sheet language used for describing the presentation of a document written in a markup language such as HTML or XML , we use this as an advance and more efficient in styling our website. CSS is a cornerstone technology of the World Wide Web, alongside HTML and JavaScript.
7. **Bootstrap 5** is the newest version of Bootstrap, which is the most popular HTML, CSS, and JavaScript framework for creating responsive, mobile-first websites. We use this as an easy and convenient inside HTML for styling and generating a ready to use responsive technology. It makes it possible for a web page or app to detect the visitor's screen size and orientation and automatically adapt the display accordingly.
8. **XAMPP** we used this to create a database server for the development of computerized system of Bohol Island State University – Bilar Campus.
9. **HTML** stands for Hyper Text Markup Language. HTML is the standard markup language for creating Web pages. HTML describes the structure of a Web page. HTML consists of a series of elements. HTML elements tell the browser how to display the content.

**Environment and Participants**

The study is conducted at Bohol Island State University – Bilar Campus in Zamora, Bilar, Bohol. The respondents for the study were the adviser of the Supreme Student Government and 10 students each from three different colleges: the College of Agriculture and Natural Resources (CANR), the College of Teacher Education (CTE), and the College of Technology and Allied Sciences (CTAS), for a total of 31 participants.

**Data Collection**

In gathering data for the study, the researchers asked permission by submitting a request letter to the SSG Adviser of the Supreme Student Government (SSG) of Bohol Island State University – Bilar Campus. Data was gathered through personal interview with the SSG adviser using the interview guide question in order to gather enough data and information needed in the study. The system design, which enables researchers to determine the system's general architecture, will be developed by checking at the requirements.

**OPERATIONAL DEFINITION OF TERMS**

The terminologies used or stated were further defined operationally in the study:

**SSG E-VOTING System Using Laravel Framework.** The system which will be developed to improve the processes of the BISU-Bilar SSG Organization Elections.

**Supreme Student Government (SSG).** The SSG refers to the highest governing body of a student organization in a school, college, or university which conducts an annual election and is the main focus of the study.

**Bohol Island State University – Bilar Campus.** The institution where the researchers conducted the study.

**SSG Adviser.** The adviser of the SSG who facilitates the overall process of the SSG election.

**Candidate.** The candidate refers to an individual who is running to be elected in a leadership position in the SSG to represent and serve the student body.

**Students.** The students are the voters who participate in the SSG election and cast a vote for their preferred candidate or party.

**Administration.** The one who manages or handles the confidentiality of the records of the system and the credentials of the users.

**Chapter 2**

**PRESENTATION OF FINDINGS, ANALYSIS AND INTERPRETATION OF DATA**

**Existing Operation and Processes**

The voting process of the Supreme Student Government (SSG) of Bohol Island State University - Bilar Campus uses Google Forms in order to conduct a SSG Election to gather votes from the voters. They make manual adjustments to the Google form to convert it into a platform for voting. In the distribution of the form link to the voters, the SSG Adviser sends the link to the voters to cast their votes. Moreover, the SSG adviser identifies the winners using the graphical charts in the Google Forms and link the results of the election in the Google Sheets. The present system involves different processes.

**A. Filing of Candidacy**

Students of Bohol Island State University – Bilar Campus who aspire to become SSG officers will need to visit the SSG office and file a candidacy for their desired positions. Aspiring candidates will need to submit the required documents, including the Candidacy Form, grades, Certificate of Registration, to qualify for candidacy. The SSG adviser will facilitate the validation and checking of these documents. Qualified students will be included in the official list of SSG candidates, and their documents will be stored in the Candidates Folder. The voters in the SSG Election are the officially enrolled students of BISU – Bilar Campus. The candidates will be given enough time to conduct their campaign and share their platforms to help voters to get to know them.

**B. Create Election Form**

The SSG adviser creates the election in the Google Forms by recording the needed data of the qualified candidates. The needed data are the candidate’s personal information such as name, year and course, department, college, position, and partylist. These are stored in the Google forms which will be the platform for the SSG election. The SSG adviser will share the link to the students in order to access during the election day.

**C. Voting Process**

The voting process of the SSG election is done in the Google Forms. The students will use the BISU email to access the link. Students can access the main form which displays the candidates for the national positions. There will be a section in the form which it asks the voters for their college and departments in order for the students to vote in the local positions. The voters will cast their votes to the candidates whom they think would fit for the positions. After the voting process, voters will submit the form. A feedback will be displayed after the submission. The Google form can be accessed within the alotted time duration and students can only vote once.

**D. Tally Process**

The forms that are successfully submitted to the Google Forms are seen in the Response section by the SSG adviser. The votes will be displayed in graphical charts with corresponding percentages. The candidates whom have the highest votes within the given time alloted for the election and based on the charts will be declared as the new elected SSG officers.

**D. Generation of Reports**

The results of the elections will be transferred by the SSG adviser to Google sheets and word document files. He will submit the official list of the newly elected candidates to the Students Affairs Services Director and will inform the students through a Facebook post for the official results.

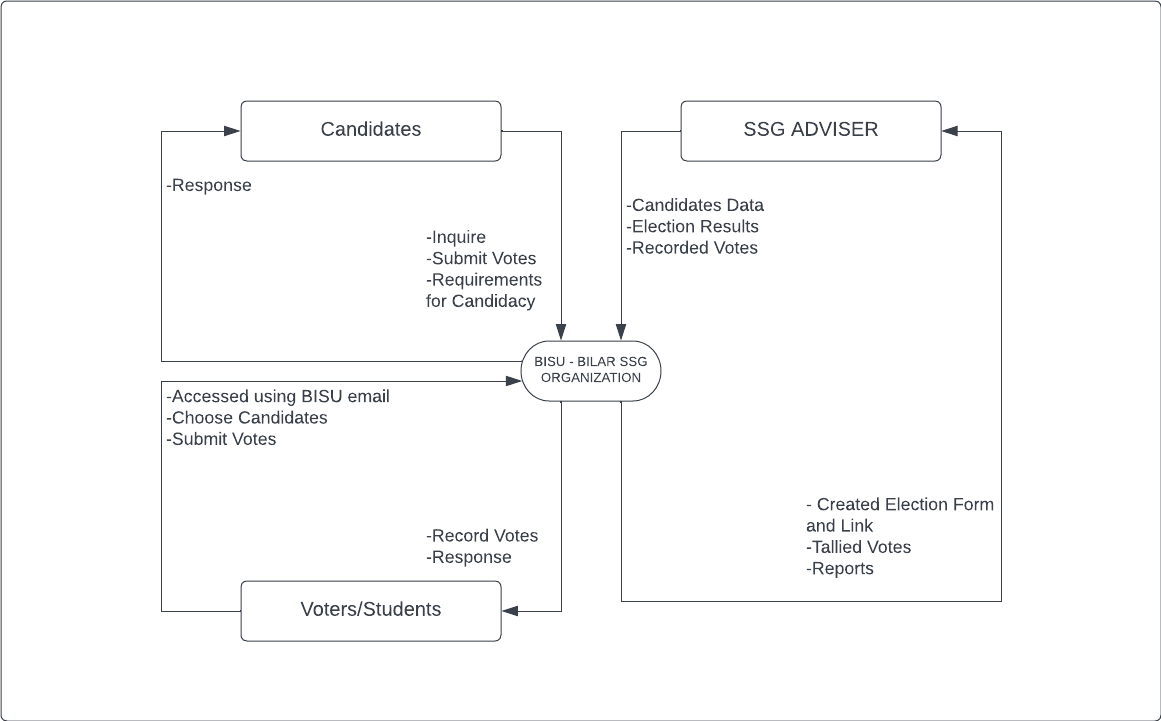


Figure 4. Context Diagram of the Present System of Loboc Tourism

**EVENT SPECIFICATION**

**Event List**

1. Inquiry Process

2. Create Election Form

3. Voting Process

4. Vote Counting Process

5. Generation of Reports

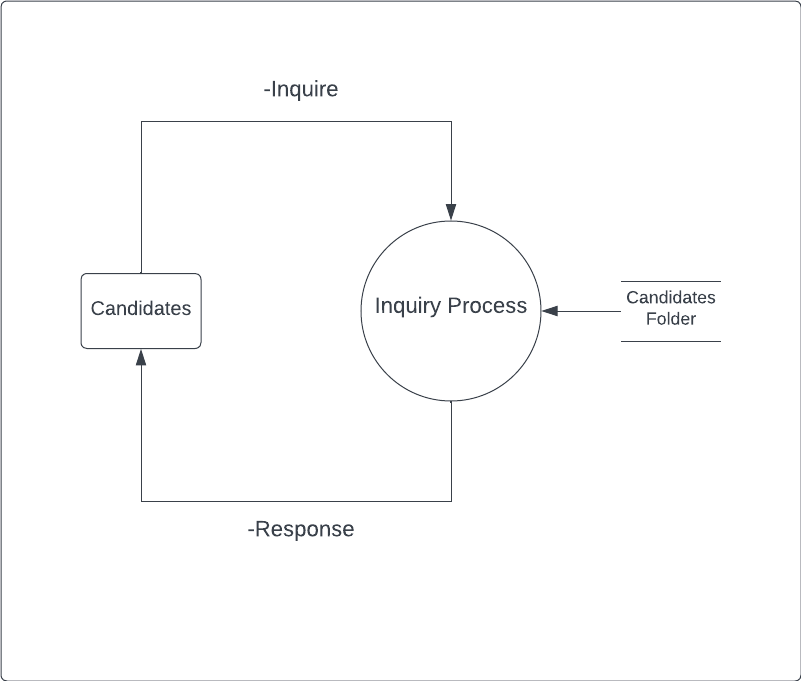


Figure 5. Inquiry Process (Event 1)

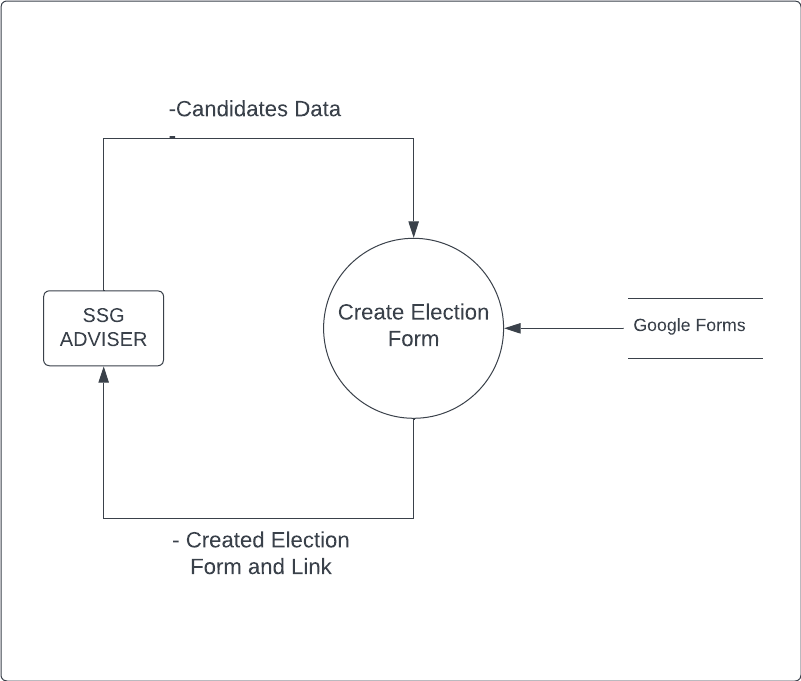
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Figure 6. Create Election Form (Event 2)

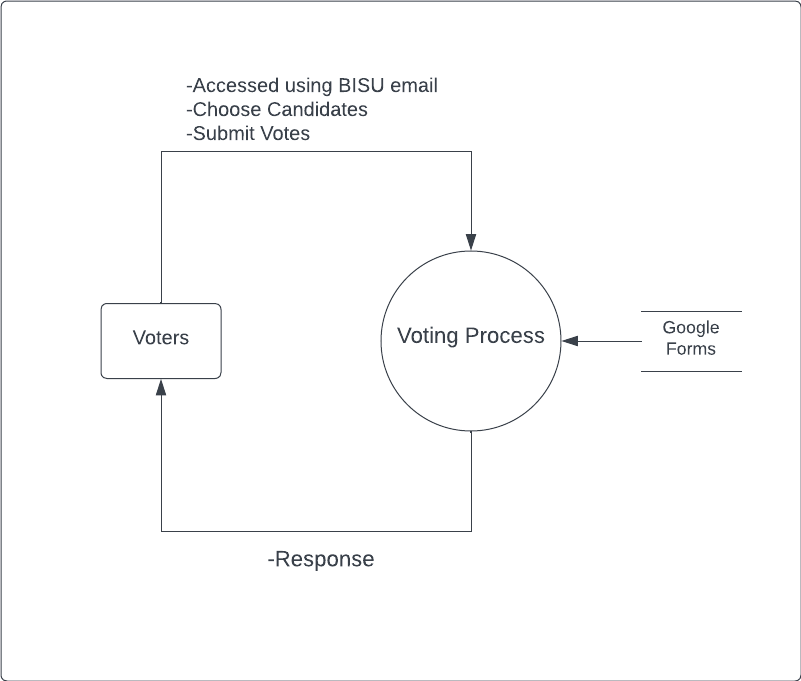
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Figure 7. Voting Process (Event 3)

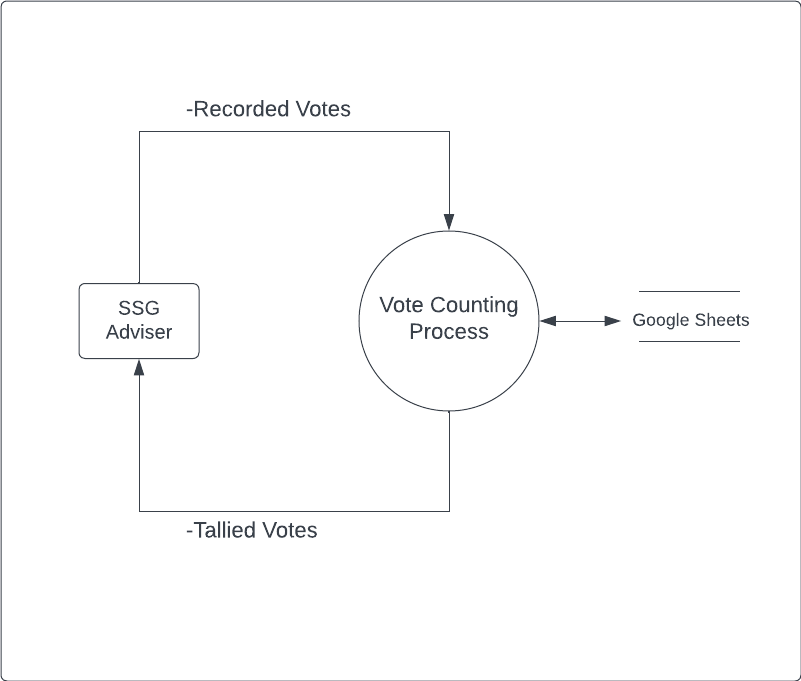
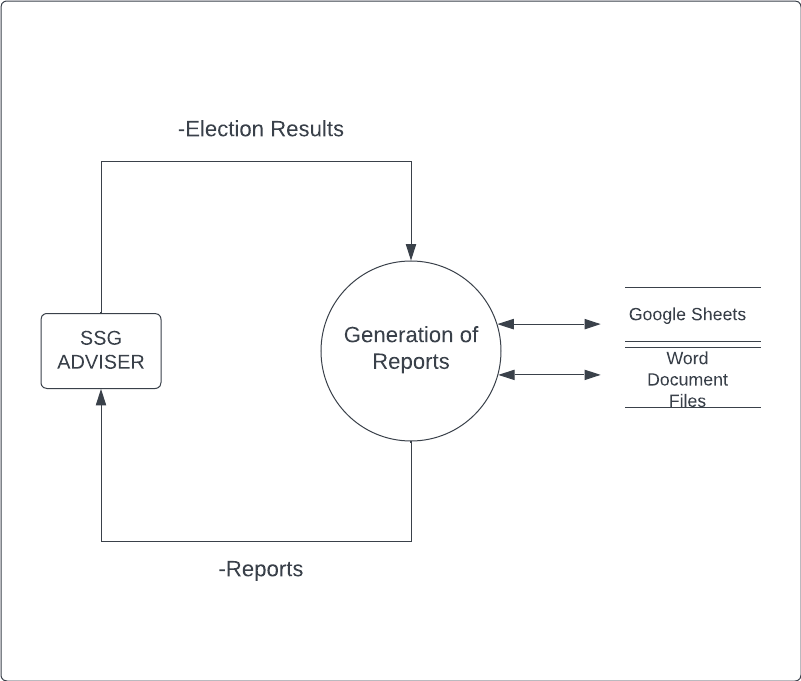


Figure 9. Generation of Reports(Event 5)

Figure 8. Voting Counting Process (Event 4)

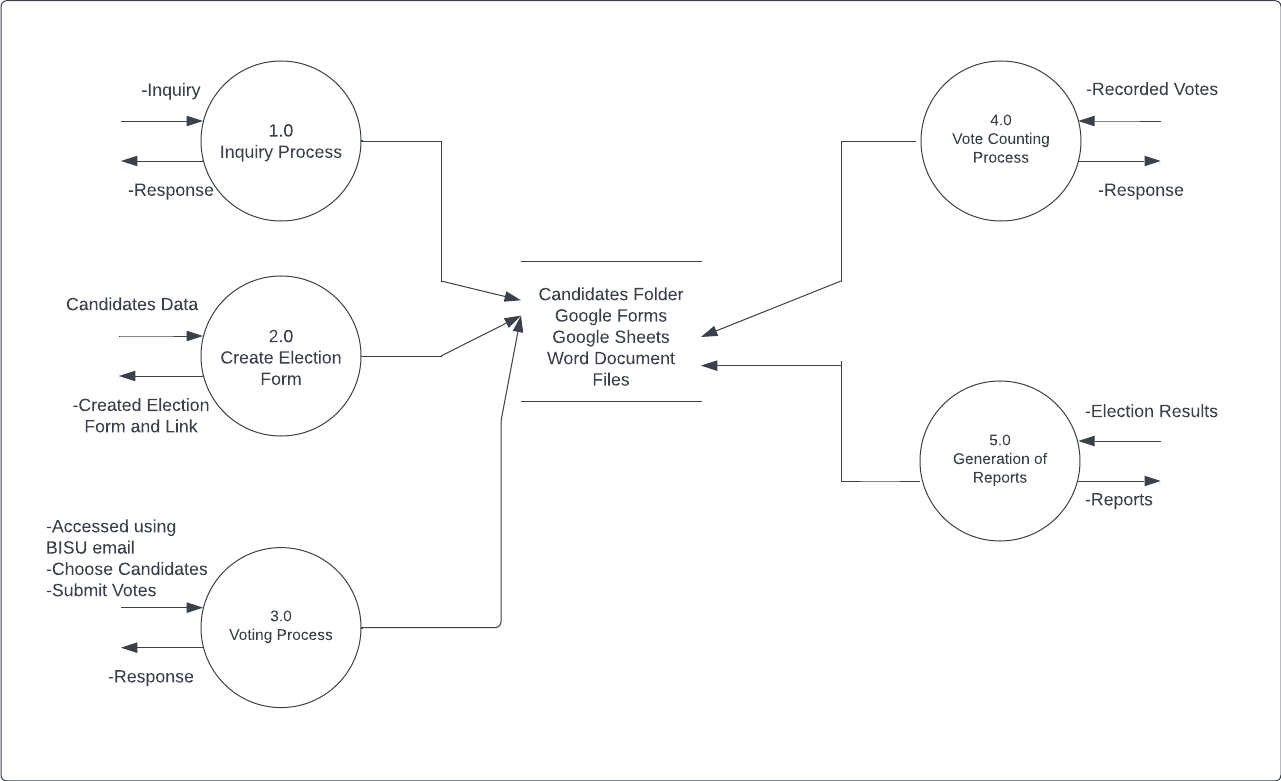


Figure 10. Top Level of the Present System

**Needs of the Existing Operation**

The present system of the SSG election of Bohol Island State University - Bilar Campus needs significant procedures to ensure that the voting system is accurate, effective, and efficient.

The following are the requirements to improve the existing system of the Supreme Student Government (SSG) of Bohol Island State University – Bilar Campus.

* 1. Secured system to prevent unathorized person from accessing sensitive data and tampering with the election results. This supports maintaining the accuracy of the results and the integrity of the election.
  2. Web-based electronic voting system that is accessible to all the students and eliminates long waiting time.
  3. Provide simple user interfaces and are easy to use.
  4. Generates the credible election reports.

**SSG E-Voting System Using Laravel Framework in BISU Bilar Campus**

The needs of the present system serve as the basis for the development of the features of the SSG E-Voting System in BISU Bilar Campus. This study was expected to address the problems encouraged in the present system.

1. **Administration**

The SSG Adviser will log in as an admin with unlimited access to the system and also the SSG Staff with limited access to the system. Username and password must be entered values match in the database and the user may now access the system

1. **Recording of Voter’s Profile**

Newly registered voters will be added to the system and stored in the voters.tbl. Additionally, their ISMIS ID will be inputted for identification purposes.

1. **Recording of Candidate’s Profile**

The candidates, along with their desired position and party list, will be added to the system and stored in the candidates.tbl.

1. **Polling Commencement**

After the candidate data has been prepared, the initiation of the election is the duty of the SSG adviser. Access to the system will not be granted to voters until the SSG adviser commences the election. This responsibility of initiating the election solely belongs to the SSG adviser.

1. **Voting Process**

Before a voter can cast their vote, they need to be authenticated to ensure that they are eligible to vote. This can be done by requiring them to log in using their unique ISMIS ID. Once the voter is authenticated, the system will display the ballot with the list of candidates and their corresponding positions. The voter can then select their preferred candidate for each position. After the voter has made their selection for each position, the system will record their votes and tally them automatically.

1. **Generation of Reports**

The SSG Adviser will use the system to produce the election results showing the list of candidates, their positions, and the vote count.

**Use Case Diagram**

In software engineering, a use case is a list of actions or event steps typically defining the interactions between a role (known in the Unified Modeling Language as an actor) and a system to achieve a goal. The actor can be human or other external system. The detailed requirements ay then be captued in the Systems Modeling Language (SysML) or as contractual statements.

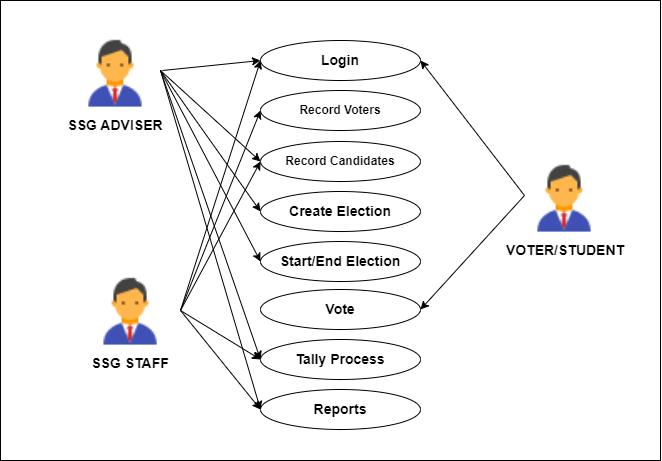


Figure 11. Use Case Diagram of SSG- E-Voting Sytem Using Laravel Framework of Bohol Island State University Bilar Campus

**Use Case Narrative**

**Table 1. Use Case Narrative 1 – Login Account**

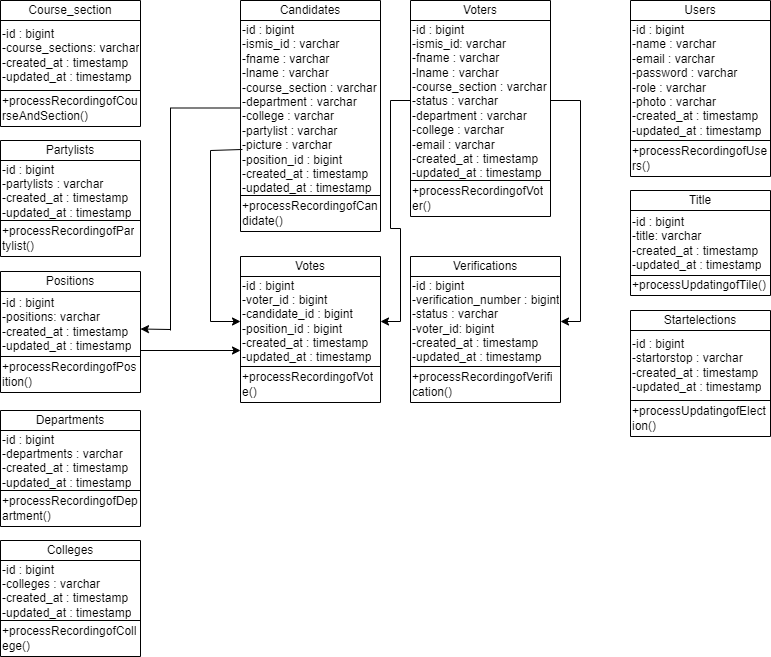
|  |  |
| --- | --- |
| **Login (UC1)** | |
| **Scope** | SSG E – Voting System |
| **Level** | User goal |
| **Goal in context** | To give access to the system |
| **Primary Actor** | SSG Adviser |
| **Stakeholders** | SSG Adviser wants to access the system |
| **Preconditions** | SSG Adviser will login to the system |
| **Triggers** | SSG Adviser decide to login |
| **Success Guarantee** | SSG E – Voting System will grant access for the selected user |
| **Scenarios:** | |
| 1. SSG Adviser select the function “Login” 2. The system displays the Dashbboard | |

**Table 1. Use Case Narrative 1 – Login Account**

|  |  |
| --- | --- |
| **Record Voters (UC2)** | |
| **Scope** | SSG E – Voting System |
| **Level** | User goal |
| **Goal in context** | The admin will be able to record the voter |
| **Primary Actor** | SSG Adviser |
| **Stakeholders** |  |
| **Preconditions** |  |
| **Triggers** |  |
| **Success Guarantee** |  |
| **Scenarios:** | |
| 1. SSG Adviser select the function “Login” 2. The system displays the Dashbboard | |

**Class Diagram**

Figure 10 below shows the class diagram of the develop SSG E – Voting System of Bohol Island State University Bilar Campus. This describes the structure of a system by showing the systems classes, their attributes, operations and relationships



**Database Structure**

The following are the database tables that used in storing the information that are inputted in the system together with a collection of operations that facilitate searching, sorting recombination and of similar activities.

Table 1

Data Structure used for storing a new user

|  |  |  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- | --- | --- |
| Field | Fieldname | Type | Width | Description |
| 1  2  3  4  5  6  7  8 | Id  Name  Email  Password  Role  Photo  Created\_at  Updated\_at | BigInt  Varchar  Varchar  Varchar  Varchar  Varchar  Timestamp  Timestamp | 20  255  255  255  255  255 | User ID  User Name  User Email  User Password  User Role  User Photo |

Table 2

Data Structure used for storing a new voter

|  |  |  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- | --- | --- |
| **Field** | **Fieldname** | **Type** | **Width** | **Description** |
| 1  2  3  4  5  6  7  8  9  10  11 | Id  Ismis\_Id  Fname  Lname  Course\_section  Status  Department  College  Email  Created\_at  Updated\_at | BigInt  Varchar  Varchar  Varchar  Varchar  Varchar  Varchar  Varchar  Varchar  Timestamp  Timestamp | 20  255  255  255  255  255  255  255  255 | Voter ID  Voter Ismis\_Id  Voter Firstname  Voter Lastname  Voter Course and Section  Voter Status  Voter Department  Voter College  Voter Email |

Table 3

Data Structure used for storing a new candidate

|  |  |  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- | --- | --- |
| **Field** | **Fieldname** | **Type** | **Width** | **Description** |
| 1  2  3  4  5  6  7  8  9  10  11  12 | Id  Ismis\_Id  Fname  Lname  Course\_section  Department  College  Partylist  Picture  Position\_Id  Created\_at  Updated\_at | BigInt  Varchar  Varchar  Varchar  Varchar  Varchar  Varchar  Varchar  Varchar  BigInt  Timestamp  Timestamp | 20  255  255  255  255  255  255  255  255  20 | Candidate ID  Candidate Ismis\_Id  Candidate Firstname  Candidate Lastname  Candidate Course and Section  Candidate Department  Candidate College  Candidate Partylist  Candidate Picture  Candidate Position\_Id |

Table 4

Data Structure used for storing a new college

|  |  |  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- | --- | --- |
| **Field** | **Fieldname** | **Type** | **Width** | **Description** |
| 1  2  3  4 | Id  Colleges  Created\_at  Updated\_at | BigInt  Varchar  Timestamp  Timestamp | 20  255 | College Id  College Name |

Table 5

Data Structure used for storing a new course and section

|  |  |  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- | --- | --- |
| **Field** | **Fieldname** | **Type** | **Width** | **Description** |
| 1  2  3  4 | Id  Course\_sections  Created\_at  Updated\_at | BigInt  Varchar  Timestamp  Timestamp | 20  255 | Course and Section Id  Course and Section Name |

Table 6

Data Structure used for storing a new department

|  |  |  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- | --- | --- |
| **Field** | **Fieldname** | **Type** | **Width** | **Description** |
| 1  2  3  4 | Id  Departments  Created\_at  Updated\_at | BigInt  Varchar  Timestamp  Timestamp | 20  255 | Department Id  Department Name |

Table 7

Data Structure used for storing a new partylist

|  |  |  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- | --- | --- |
| **Field** | **Fieldname** | **Type** | **Width** | **Description** |
| 1  2  3  4 | Id  Partylists  Created\_at  Updated\_at | BigInt  Varchar  Timestamp  Timestamp | 20  255 | Partylist Id  Partylist Name |

Table 8

Data Structure used for storing a new position

|  |  |  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- | --- | --- |
| **Field** | **Fieldname** | **Type** | **Width** | **Description** |
| 1  2  3  3  4 | Id  Positions  VoteLimit  Created\_at  Updated\_at | BigInt  Varchar  Varchar  Timestamp  Timestamp | 20  255  255 | Position Id  Position Name  Vote Limit |

Table 9

Data Structure used for updating an election title

|  |  |  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- | --- | --- |
| **Field** | **Fieldname** | **Type** | **Width** | **Description** |
| 1  2  3  3 | Id  Title  Created\_at  Updated\_at | BigInt  Varchar  Timestamp  Timestamp | 20  255 | Title Id  Election Title |

Table 10

Data Structure used for storing a vote count

|  |  |  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- | --- | --- |
| **Field** | **Fieldname** | **Type** | **Width** | **Description** |
| 1  2  3  4  5  6 | Id  Voter\_Id  Candidate\_Id  Position\_Id  Created\_at  Updated\_at | BigInt  BigInt  BigInt  BigInt  Timestamp  Timestamp | 20  20  20  20 | Title Id  Voter Id  Candidate Id  Position Id |

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**Interview Questions**

For SSG Adviser:

1. What are the process of voting in SSG election?

2. What are the needed data to register the voters?

3. What platform did you use in the SSG election?

4. How many positions in SSG election?

5. What are the needed data to register the candidates?

6. What are the needed reports after the election?

7. What are the problems that you encounter during SSG election?

8. How much alloted time during SSG election?

**Survey Questionnaire**

For SSG Adviser:

1. What is the platform used for voting in the SSG Election?

Using a ballot Using Google Forms Using a Voting System

1. Who is in-charge of the election? \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_
2. What are the positions of SSG?

President Public Information Officer

Vice President Senators

Secretary College Governor

Treasurer College Vice-Governor

Auditor Department Representative

1. How many senators are elected every SSG election?

9 11

10 12

1. How many parties are part of the election?

1 2 3 and above

1. What are the needed data of the candidates for the election?

Name Section

Course Age

College Address

Department Partylist

Year

1. How many are the expected voters in the SSG Election?

3,000 4,000 5,000 and above

1. What is the alloted time for the election?

4 hours 8 hours 12 hours and above